

Secondary Math III  
Unit 6 Review  
Assignment 6.6

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Period \_\_\_\_\_

**True / False.** If the answer is false, write a statement to make it true for full credit.

True / False 1. Pythagorean's Theorem can be used for all triangles.

True / False 2. In a  $30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ$  Triangle, the hypotenuse equals the shorter leg times 2.

**Multiple Choice.** Choose the best answer (only one correct answer for each problem). Show work.

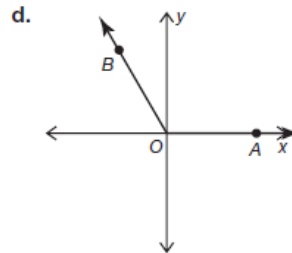
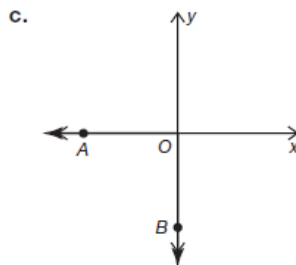
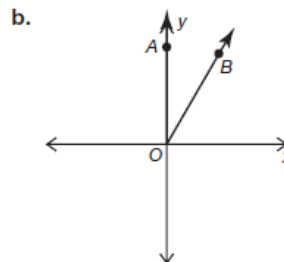
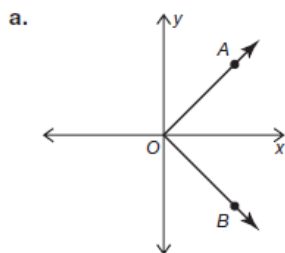
3. The ratio of which two sides in a right triangle defines the tangent of an acute angle?

- a.  $\frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$       b.  $\frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{adjacent side}}$       c.  $\frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{opposite side}}$       d.  $\frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$

4. What is the radian measure of a  $225^\circ$  angle?

- a.  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$       b.  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$       c.  $\frac{7\pi}{4}$       d.  $\frac{7\pi}{6}$

5. Which angle is in standard position and has a measure less than  $180^\circ$ ?



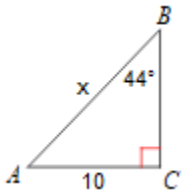
6. In which quadrant is  $\cos \theta < 0$  (negative) and  $\tan \theta > 0$  (positive)?

- a. Quadrant I      b. Quadrant II      c. Quadrant III      d. Quadrant IV

7. A 107-ft tall building casts a shadow of 90 feet. To the nearest whole degree, what is the angle of elevation to the sun?

- a.  $33^\circ$       b.  $40^\circ$       c.  $50^\circ$       d.  $57^\circ$

8. What is the exact value of  $\sin \frac{\pi}{3}$ ?
- a.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$       b.  $\frac{1}{2}$       c.  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$       d.  $-\frac{1}{2}$
9. A kite on a 100-ft string has an angle of elevation of  $18^\circ$ . How high above the ground is the kite?
- a. 91 ft      b. 31 ft      c. 27 ft      d. 18 ft
10. Find the value of  $x$ . Round to the nearest tenth.

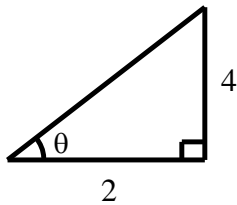


- a. 15.6      b. 12.2
- c. 14.4      d. 15.9

**Free response. Show work.**

11. Find the values of the six trigonometric functions for angle  $\theta$  in exact form (reduced fractions; no decimals).

a.

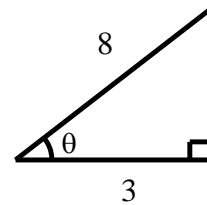


$\sin \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\csc \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\cos \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\sec \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\tan \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\cot \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b.



$\sin \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\csc \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\cos \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\sec \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\tan \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$        $\cot \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12. Let  $\theta$  be an acute angle in a right triangle. Use the given information to find the missing values in exact form.

a.  $\tan \theta = \frac{4}{5}$

$\sin \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\cos \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b.  $\cos \theta = \frac{5}{13}$

$\sin \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\tan \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13. Convert from degrees to radians or from radians to degrees. Leave radian answers in terms of  $\pi$ .

a.  $15^\circ$

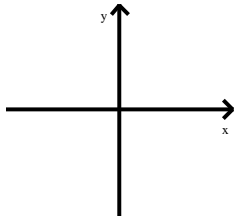
b.  $240^\circ$

c.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

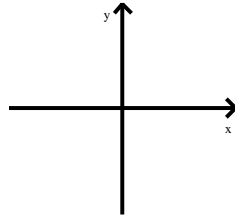
d.  $\frac{3\pi}{10}$

14. Sketch the angle in standard position. Then find two **coterminal angles**, one positive and one negative (degrees for a-b, radians for c-d):

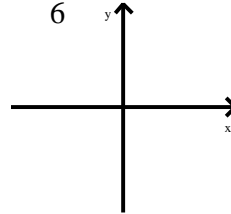
a.  $210^\circ$



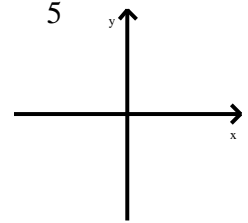
b.  $-195^\circ$



c.  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$

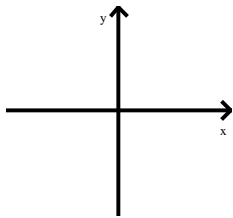


d.  $\frac{9\pi}{5}$

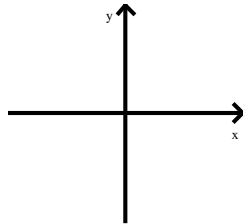


15. Sketch the angle in standard position. Then find the **reference angle**.

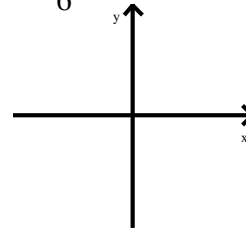
a.  $-300^\circ$



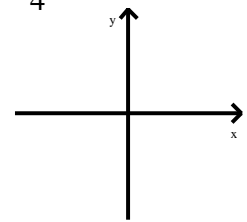
b.  $225^\circ$



c.  $\frac{11\pi}{6}$



d.  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$



16. Given a point on the terminal side of  $\theta$ , find  $\sin \theta$ ,  $\cos \theta$ , and  $\tan \theta$ . Leave answer in simplified fraction form.

a.  $(4, -11)$

b.  $(-1, 2)$

c.  $(-\sqrt{3}, -4)$

$\sin \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\sin \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\sin \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\cos \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\cos \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\cos \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\tan \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\tan \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$\tan \theta =$  \_\_\_\_\_

17. Find the **exact** value of the trig function (no decimals).

a.  $\cos \frac{3\pi}{2}$

b.  $\sin 240^\circ$

c.  $\tan \frac{5\pi}{3}$

d.  $\cos \frac{\pi}{6}$

e.  $\sin 150^\circ$

f.  $\tan 135^\circ$

g.  $\cos 0$

h.  $\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}$

18. Use a calculator to evaluate the following (round to 4 decimal places). Be sure to check mode. REMEMBER to CHANGE back to DEGREE mode.

a.  $\tan (-38^\circ)$

b.  $\csc 215^\circ$

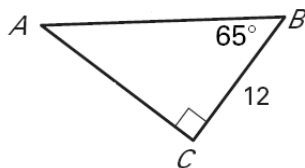
c.  $\cos 2.5$

d.  $\cot 1.3$

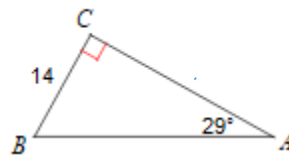
19. Two legs of a right triangle have lengths 14 & 9. Find the measure of the smallest acute angle to the nearest tenth of a degree.

20. Solve for both missing sides. Show the equation used to solve each side. Round to the nearest tenth.

a.



b.



21. **Hint: You will have to know how to draw a picture for the test.**

At the local water park, the big slide has a length of 85 feet. If the ladder is vertical and the angle of depression at the top of the slide is  $40^\circ$ , how far is the bottom of the slide from the bottom of the ladder? (Draw a triangle and show an equation to solve.) Round to the nearest tenth.