Secondary Math III
Finding All Zeros of Polynomials Assignment 4.4

Name:
Period:
$\qquad$

Factor completely and set each factor equal to 0 to solve the polynomial equation (find all the zeros)

1. $x^{3}+5 x^{2}-6 x=0$
2. $x^{3}+x^{2}-4 x-4=0$
3. $x^{4}-26 x^{2}+25=0$
4. $4 x^{3}+x^{2}-4 x-1=0$

Given one solution, use synthetic division to find a quotient, write the function in factored form, then find all solutions.
5. $x^{3}+3 x^{2}-4 x-12=0 ; x=-3$
6. $x^{3}-3 x^{2}-6 x+8=0 ; x=4$
7. $x^{3}+7 x^{2}+7 x-15=0 ; x=-5$
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$\qquad$

Quotient:

Function:

Quotient:

Function:
Function:

Given a factor for the polynomial function, find the quotient and finish factoring (if possible). Find all zeros for the polynomial function.
8. $(x-4)$ is a factor of $f(x)=x^{3}+3 x^{2}-18 x-40 \quad$ 9. $(x+6)$ is a factor of $f(x)=x^{4}+4 x^{3}-21 x^{2}-36 x+108$

Use the Rational Root Theorem to determine possible zeros for each polynomial equation. Then solve completely, finding all real and complex zeros.
10. $x^{3}-2 x^{2}+4 x-8=0$

Possible Zeros:
11. $x^{3}-7 x+6=0$


